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# Graduate Conducting Recital: Patrick Valentino, conductor

Patrick Valentino

Ithaca College Symphony Orchestra

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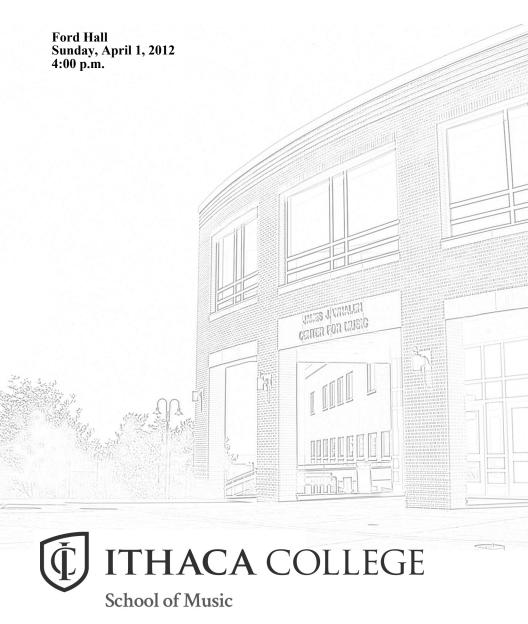
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# **Graduate Conducting Recital: Patrick Valentino, conductor**

# Ithaca College Symphony Orchestra

Vivian Anderson, piano



## **Program**

ImpulsEscape

Patrick Valentino (b. 1982)

Concerto for Piano No. 20 in D minor, K.466 I. Allegro

Wolfgang Mozart (1756-1791)

### Intermission

Variations on a Theme of Haydn, Op. 56a

Chorale St. Antoni: Andante Variation I: Poco più animato Variation II: Più Vivace Variation III: Con moto

Variation IV: Andante con moto

Variation V: Vivace Variation VI: Vivace Variation VII: Grazioso

Variation VIII: Presto non troppo

Finale: Andante

Johannes Brahms (1833-1897)

Patrick Valentino is a student of Dr. Jeffery Meyer.

## **Biographies**

### Patrick Valentino

Patrick Valentino's conducting has been called "stirring", "original" and "achieving wonderful results from the orchestra". Trained as a composer as well as a conductor, he brings to the podium a desire to realize musical works as the composer intended, while enabling a state of spontaneity and discovery that makes every piece sound fresh and vital.

Currently enrolled in the graduate conducting program at Ithaca College where he studies with Jeffery Meyer, Patrick also holds degrees from New England Conservatory and Montclair State University, in addition to having spent time studying at the Moscow Conservatory. At Ithaca College Patrick serves as assistant conductor for the Symphony and Chamber orchestras and co-directs the Sinfonietta. He also guest conducts the Contemporary Ensemble and numerous student ensembles. Prior to coming to Ithaca, Patrick was the assistant conductor of the Neponset Valley Philharmonic Orchestra (MA) and the Westfield Symphony (NJ), and worked as production manager for Boston Musica Viva. He has been described by the Atlantic Herald as "a composer and conductor who believes that music creates community", and his work developing and producing educational programs and outreach has enjoyed great success.

Patrick maintains an active schedule of conducting and composing; this season he will appear with the ICCE, IC Sinfonietta, as well as returning to lead the ICSO for the Commencement Eve Gala. In addition to the premiere of ImpulsEscape heard today, a suite from his new chamber opera will be premiered in May by the Oak Ridge Community Orchestra, and I Venti, a work for string orchestra will be co-premiered next season by the Central New Jersey Symphony and the Orchestra Filharmonica Nissena in Sicily.

#### **Vivian Anderson**

Vivian Anderson, 16, was born in Ann Arbor, Michigan and started piano lessons at age 5. She is currently a private student of Logan Skelton, professor of piano at the University of Michigan.

Vivian has won awards at numerous competitions, including 1st place at the 2012 Rosalie Edwards Youth Music Competition, 1st place at the 2011 Albion College Piano Festival, 1st place at the Ithaca College Concerto competition, and 2nd place at the 2011 Ithaca College Youth Solo Piano competition. Vivian was a finalist at the Hope College Young Artists Piano competition as well as the David D. Dubois Piano competition in 2012. Other awards include 2nd place at the 2010 DePauw Young Artists Piano Competition and honorable mention at the 2010 and 2011 MTNA Senior Piano Competition.

Vivian enjoys all periods of classical music and plans to study piano performance at college. In addition to piano, Vivian enjoys knitting, sewing and origami.

## Ithaca College Symphony Orchestra

#### Violin I

Kristin Bakkegard, concertmaster Sadie Kenny Emily Frederick Claire Wilcox Jason Kim Jason Calhoun Christopher Mattaliano Sarah Hoag Elizabeth Benz Nils Schwerzmann Joseph D'Esposito

#### Violin II

Brian Schmidt

Marcus Hogan

Samantha Spena, principal Jenna Trunk Margaret Dagon Christopher Sforza Jessica Chen Joohvun Lee Colleen Mahoney Jenna Jordan Kevin Pham Rvann Aerv Alyssa Rodriguez Emma Kast

Stephen Gorgone, principal Jacquelyn Timberlake Daniel Martinez Lindsey Clark Kelly Ralston Isadora Herold Joshua Labman Jonathan Fleischman

<u>Cello</u> Tristan Rais-Sherman, principal **Brooks Griffith Erin Snedecor** Oshan Gunawardana Meredith Gennaro Marta Kelleher Andrew Chadwick Hamadi Duggan Rachele Prawzdik William Sharrin

Andrew Ryan, principal Samuel Verneuille Andrew Whitford Kathleen Corcoran John DiCarlo Benjamin Dows Kyle Kresge Kevin Gobetz

Corinne Shirk, principal Sarah Peskanov Elizabeth Hamilton, piccolo

#### Oboe

Alana Rosen, principal Julia Perry Rachel Schlesinger, english horn

Christopher Pena, principal Jennifer Greenleaf Emily Pecoràro, bass clarinet

Thomas Conners, principal Ross Triner Sean Harkin, contrabassoon

#### Horn

Emma Staudacher, principal Robert Oldroyd Elizabeth Meade Ryan Chiaino Megan Carpenter, assistant

#### **Trumpet**

Sam Thurston, principal Danny Venora Jenna Veverka

#### Trombone

Kai Johnson, principal Jeffrey Dunn Jeff Chilton, bass

William Connors, principal

#### Timpani

Sean Harvey, principal

#### Percussion

Julia Ross, principal Ian Cummings Jon Keefner

## **Program Notes**

## **ImpulsEscape**

ImpulsEscape is a vibrant, often explosive concert overture which uses rhythm as its unifying factor. A vivacious, light-hearted opening figure in the high strings and winds soon becomes complicated by increasingly dissonant harmonies and the layering of the brass section and the lower instruments. Eventually, the percussion enters and arrives as a signature rhythm which pervades the work in various guises.

The music moves fluidly through many different meters and tempi, each time dissecting the harmonies and rhythm; the original tune gives way to a quirky scherzo treatment, which in turn yields to a fortissimo percussion soli. This fastest passage fades to a peaceful central section with an upwardly reaching tune, first intoned by the clarinets over a gentle background including solo violin harmonic slides. The melody grows, gradually gaining in rhythmic intensity and harmonic complexity until it returns to the first theme, now transformed by a richer orchestral treatment and a faster tempo. A final chorale in the brass and the addition of the full percussion battery brings the piece to a rousing conclusion.

#### Piano Concerto No. 20 in D minor

Mozart's 20th Piano Concerto in D minor (the first of his in a minor key) was written and premiered in 1785, with the composer at the keyboard. It is scored for one flute, pairs of oboes, bassoons, horns and trumpets, timpani and strings.

The first movement (which we will hear this afternoon) is in a spacious sonata form, nearly as long as the subsequent two movements combined. It begins with a muted yet restlessly energetic syncopated string texture, rising in register until an explosive orchestral tutti. The orchestra goes on to outline the second theme as well (in a major key), yet when the piano finally enters, it introduces an entirely new theme of its own, which the orchestra never plays. This "soloist's theme" becomes the main developmental material for the remainder of the movement, often weaving in and out of the opening syncopations.

The figurations in the D minor sonata, in both the solo piano and the orchestra, and surprisingly chromatic. Mozart often introduces a line of music (usually ascending) in a fairly diatonic way, then mutates it into a more thorny chromatic rendition. This provides added challenge for the soloist as well as the orchestra.

The score is also dotted with surprising events and unexpected turns, wild dialogues between extreme dynamics and resourceful use of dissonance, and in this presages the romantic era. Strings will end a lilting soft phrase with a loud exclamation point, or end up playing numerous sharp dissonances in a row.

The piano writing has everything wrapped into a smart, coherent package. At times luxurious and expressive, at times dramatic and commanding, here scampering over the whole keyboard and there hammering away at repeated notes obsessively, the solo part is like a lexicon of pianistic virtuosity.

After an exceptionally long development (Mozart's developments tended to get longer in his later works) and a rousing recap and cadenza, the movement ends in the same quiet world in which it began, although now all restlessness has been calmed

#### Variations on a Theme by Haydn

Brahms wrote the Variations on a Theme by Haydn in 1873, both in a form for two pianos and arranged for full orchestra. It was once considered the first example of a variation set for orchestra, although this assertion has been disproven; it is labeled Op. 56a even though it came after the piano version which became Op. 56b; and the theme upon which it is based is almost universally accepted today as not being original music by Haydn.

Despite these historical quirks and minor curiosities, the work remains a towering example of the variation form and has become a staple of the symphonic repertoire.

The work is cast in eight characteristic variations on a theme, with a concluding finale. The main theme, labeled by Brahms (and by his source originally attributed to Haydn) "Chorale St. Antoni" displays a distinctive five-measure phrase structure in its first section, followed by a second section in which four-measure phrases elide into a three-measure tag. Brahms exploits this distinctive phrasing feature (as well as the underlying harmony) in nearly all the variations.

The opening Chorale is mainly intoned by the double reeds over pizzicato strings, however in the first variation the theme has already been reduced down to a B-flat pedal tone over which the strings lay sumptuous long lines of rhythmically and harmonically rich sonorities. The quiet calm with which the first variation ends is interrupted by an orchestral outburst at the beginning of the second variation, in a minor key. The woodwinds are mainly showcased here, in energetic lines of restrained excitement.

In the third variation, the woodwinds and strings unite in a gently moving and beautifully scored melodic line. Brahms lets the form open here, abandoning the literal repeated sections which have thusfar held the variations bound. As the sections get replayed, here the orchestration becomes more rich and Brahms allows himself to explore many different combinations of orchestral color, including the horns and chromatic commentary in the low strings.

Variation #4 returns to the minor key for a lamentoso aria floating over a constantly shifting harmonic line weaving almost ceaselessly throughout the ensemble. The gloomy atmosphere is dispersed with the first vivacious eruption of Variation #5, a rollicking scherzo in a brisk 6/8 meter. Again, Brahms adds his characteristic rhythmic complexity by overlaying not only 2-against-3, but hemiolas offset by one eighth note. The lighthearted mood gives way to the march-like sixth variation, opening with a soli for bassoons and horns. The repeat signs are back, but one hardly notices amid the boisterous energy and sheer rhythmic drive.

In the seventh variation, Brahms is at his lyrical best, expanding the simple chorale tune into a lilting air featuring reaching arpeggios, longing dissonances, and a climax so nice you have to play it twice.

The final variation opens in what seems to be an icy stillness, save for the extreme rapidity of notes flashing by. The entire ensemble rushes along at lightening speed and a hushed dynamic in what is undoubtably the most challenging setting.

The Finale starts off in this hushed world but soon opens up to an elegant chorale as each section of the orchestra is added. The form now is massively expanded, offering a series of variations on the first half of the theme which allows a showcase for every section in the orchestra. This chain develops through a multitude of moods and styles before the full orchestra arrives at a triumphant statement of the theme, which fades like the original theme did before renewing its drive for an explosive close.

— program notes by Patrick Valentino

#### **Upcoming Events**

#### **April**

- 2 Hockett 7:00pm Ithaca Brass
- 3 Hockett 7:00pm Faculty Showcase Recital
- 4 Ford 8:15pm Wind Ensemble
- 5 Hockett 7:00pm Sean Duggan, piano
- 6 Hockett 10:00am Sean Duggan, piano masterclass
- 9 Iger 8:15pm Guest Lecture: Husa Visiting Professor of Composition
- 10 Hockett 8:15pm Contemporary Chamber Ensemble
- 12 Nabenhauer 7:00pm Improv Ensemble
- 13 Hockett 8:15pm Talea
- 16 Hockett 8:15pm Frank Campos, trumpet/Nicholas Walker, bass
- 17 Hockett 7:00pm Flute Ensemble
- 18 Hockett 10:00am Honors Convocation
- 18 Ford 8:15pm Sinfonietta Webstreamed at <a href="http://www.ithaca.edu/music/live/">http://www.ithaca.edu/music/live/</a>
- 19 Hockett 8:15pm Opera Workshop
- 19 Nabenhauer 9:00pm Sophomore Percussion Students
- 20 Hockett 3:00pm Vocal Masterclass: Nedda Casei
- 21 Hockett 4:00pm Yusheng Li and the New Continent Saxophone Quartet
- **21** Ford 8:15pm Chamber Orchestra *Webstreamed at http://www.ithaca.edu/music/live/*
- 22 Ford 3:00pm Chorus Webstreamed at <a href="http://www.ithaca.edu/music/live/">http://www.ithaca.edu/music/live/</a>
- 22 Ford 8:15pm Percussion Ensemble (GS)
- 23 Hockett 7:00pm Woodwind Chamber Ensemble
- 23 Ford 8:15pm Jazz Lab
- 24 Hockett 7:00pm Faculty Recital: Ivy Walz/Brad Hougham/Jean Radice
- 24 Ford 8:15pm Percussion Ensemble (CA)
- 25 Ford 8:15pm Concert Band Webstreamed at http://www.ithaca.edu/music/live/